

The Weather.
Forecast for Thursday and Friday:
Kentucky—Fair Thursday and Friday.
Tennessee—Fair Thursday and Friday.
Indiana—Fair and warmer Thursday;
Friday showers; fresh southeast winds.

THE LATEST.

The House yesterday adopted the report of the special committee named by Speaker Cannon to investigate methods employed by the Electric Boat Company, of New Jersey, in connection with legislation before Congress. The committee held that Representative Lilley was not warranted in bringing the charges. Five hours of the House session were devoted to the case. The Connecticut members joined in voting against the resolution by which the House adopted the conclusions of the committee. Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, denounced Mr. Lilley as being guilty of treason, for which, he said, he should be expelled.

Senator Rayner yesterday made an appeal to the Senate for a vote on the resolution "authorizing and requesting" the President to appoint a court of inquiry to investigate charges against Col. William F. Stewart, coast artillery, stationed at Fort Grant, Ariz. Mr. Rayner declared his belief that the Committee on Military Affairs would not report his resolution during the present session of Congress and asked that a modified resolution be adopted without the intervention of the committee. Objection being made the further consideration of the resolution was postponed.

Coroner Mack, of Laporte county, Ind., yesterday rendered a verdict declaring the adult female body found in the Guinness house after the fire of April 25 to be that of Mrs. Guinness. The verdict is that she came to her death through felonious homicide, the perpetrator thereof being to the Coroner unknown.

Depositors of the Owensboro Savings Bank and Trust Company, who live in other States, have filed suit at Owensboro asking that the affairs of the institution be placed under control of the Federal Court. Judge Evans will hear the petition to-day.

The Democratic organization of Pennsylvania, headed by National Committeeman James M. Guffey, of Pittsburgh, defeated the Bryan faction of the party in the State Convention at Harrisburg and the four delegates-at-large will go to Denver unopposed.

The Michigan Democratic State Convention at Lansing adopted resolutions instructing Michigan's delegation to the National Convention at Denver to vote as a unit for the nomination of William J. Bryan for President.

The strike of union miners in Hopkins, Union, Webster and Crittenden counties has been declared off. Announcement has been made that no further supplies will be given miners and their families.

The President informed Kentucky's Republican Congressmen that he was too busy to consider the Louisville surveyorship now and suggested that the matter go over until the adjournment of Congress.

United States Senator Thomas C. Platt testified in his own behalf in New York yesterday, and denied all charges made in the suit for absolute divorce brought against him by Mae C. Wood.

Prof. Leslie A. Lee, of Bowdoin College, who was noted for his research expeditions in Labrador and South America, died at Portland, Me., following an operation for an intestinal trouble.

The encampment of the First Regiment will be held near Louisville. A rifle range will be provided. Col. Haldeman has arranged for equipment for the new members of the regiment.

The Senate yesterday passed the omnibus public building bill, including an increase of from \$100,000 to \$200,000 for the construction of a Government building at Honolulu.

Missouri Democrats, in convention at Jefferson City, instructed their thirty-three delegates to Denver to vote as a unit for W. J. Bryan for President.

Seven persons, members of a pleasure party, were drowned in the White River near Clarendon, Ark., when the tank of a gasoline launch exploded.

The forty-eighth annual meeting of the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church will open in Greensboro, N. C., to-day.

After a debate lasting three days, the education bill passed its second reading in the British House of Commons by 370 votes to 264.

The Controller of the Currency has issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business on May 14.

Chapman K. Archer, a Cincinnati lawyer, filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving liabilities as \$736,657 and assets of \$32,845.

Robert Moses, of Louisville, will be elected grand commander of the Kentucky Knights Templar at the Lebanon encampment.

THE STORY OF MAE WOOD

Aged Senator Platt Totters Into Courtroom.

Spirited At Times While Giving Testimony.

Wrote to the Plaintiff, But Never Married Her.

PAID \$10,000 FOR LETTERS.

New York, May 20.—Physically so weak that practically he had to be carried in and out of the courtroom, United States Senator Thomas C. Platt was at times a spirited witness yesterday in the divorce suit of Mae C. Wood against him. He was emphatic and when prodded too hard by the plaintiff's counsel, he was capable of vigorous response. While the defendant in the action was in the courtroom most of the day, Mr. Wood, the plaintiff, did not attend the trial to-day. The presentation of the case for the defense, aside from Senator Platt's own testimony, was marked by a sharp attack on the authenticity of the marriage certificate which Miss Wood offered in evidence to support her contention of a marital contract with the Senator. This was followed by an effort to show that the letter in which Senator Platt is said to have admitted his marriage to Miss Wood was written over his signature and was a blank sheet of paper to which he previously affixed his autograph on request of two women applicants for it while he was stopping at the Hotel Arlington in this city in 1906.

Makes Absolute Denial.

Senator Platt himself, in his testimony, categorically denied that he ever married or promised to marry the plaintiff, repudiating the signature purporting to be his on the marriage certificate and the genuineness of several letters which Miss Wood testified came to her from him. On the conclusion of the afternoon session, Justice O'Gorman announced that the trial must conclude with a blank sheet of paper to which he had late a sitting of the court that might involve.

Mr. Platt entered the courtroom with feeble steps, supported by two attendants, and accompanied by his son, Mr. and Mrs. Abel, with whom he lives, also with him. The courtroom was filled, and the corridors were thronged with those unable to get in.

In opening his testimony the Senator said he was nearly 75 years old. His first wife died in 1901. He first met Miss Wood in 1901.

"Do you remember seeing her at the Oriental Hotel?" was asked.

"Do you remember asking her in the month of August, 1901, to marry you?"

"I never asked her. It's false."

"The Senator described his rooms at the Arlington Hotel and said No. 105 was the parlor and there were two bedrooms and a bathroom."

"Did you talk to the plaintiff in November, 1901, about marriage?"

"No."

"Did you on Thursday, November 9, ask her to marry you, the ceremony to take place on Saturday, and say you, yourself, would make all arrangements?"

"I did not," replied the Senator.

Gave Her No Picture.

The Senator denied emphatically that he had given Miss Wood a photograph of himself on which he had written "To my dear wife." Miss Wood testified that she was sitting on Platt's knee when he gave her the picture.

Mr. Le Barbier, Miss Wood's counsel, asked Platt if he ever addressed Miss Wood in endearing terms. He said: "I may have foolishly done so some times."

Platt said he saw Miss Wood sometimes at his business office at 2 Broadway, and that Miss Wood called with a Mrs. Canfield, who was a candidate for election as an authority to certify to the genuineness of the letters.

"How many times did you see her at the Fifth-avenue Hotel?" asked Mr. Le Barbier.

"I could not say, I saw her there a good many times."

"I called her 'Catty' in my letters. I was very much pleased with her and liked her very much."

"Did you ever write her any letters?"

"Never in my life," was the answer.

Never Saw Certificate.

The lawyer handed the Senator the alleged marriage certificate, and the Senator said he never saw the paper before in his life, although he had signed it in 1901, he could not remember the year.

"Did you ever give the plaintiff a wedding ring?"

"I never gave the plaintiff a wedding ring in my life."

"Did you ever have a wedding ring inscribed for her?"

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RECIPE

BAKED
FAUST SPAGHETTI

Boil Faust Spaghetti in water until tender; put in a pan a layer of grated cheese; add salt, pepper, and a small quantity of butter, and repeat until you have the desired amount. Pour on hot milk or cream and bake one-half to three-quarters of an hour.

The free recipe book may be had from your grocer or by writing direct to us.

A Spaghetti
Bill of Fare

Did you ever eat a dinner in which Spaghetti was used in every course—beginning with oysters, then soup, fish, entrees, roasts, game and desserts? As a matter of fact a Faust Spaghetti Dinner will prove a surprise and a treat for your guests—the recipes call for dishes so varied that there need be no fear of monotony.

FAUST
BRAND
SPAGHETTI

will add new charms to any meal. No banquet so sumptuous—no lunch so simple as will not welcome a dainty appetizing dish of Faust Spaghetti.

Sold in attractive packages containing sufficient for a family meal.

Our book "Spaghetti and Some of its Uses" will show you over twenty new ways to serve Faust Spaghetti—it's free to any housewife.

Faust Spaghetti is sold by all grocers in 5 and 10c packages.
**MAULL BROTHERS,
St. Louis, Mo.**

SECOND ESCAPE

For Walter Chinn, An Asylum Inmate.

CAPTURED IN MR. BECKHAM'S OFFICE AND GETS AWAY.

SAMUEL SMITH GOES TO THE SCHOOL OF REFORM.

SHOT HIS STEPFATHER.

Young Smith Gets Reform Sentence.

Burley Prospects Bright.

Contracts For Corn.

Republican Committee Organizes.

Lexington Notes.

Powerhouse For Capital.

Must Serve Sentence.

Inspection Trip.

Frank Feir In Charge.

Business Men Assume Support.

Leo First Promoted In Service of Government.

Washington Notes.

Postmaster General Has Issued an Order.

Report of the Conference on the Fortifications Bill.

Preparations Have Been Completed by the War Department.

Senate Passed a Bill to Prevent the Use of the Flag of the United States.

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FIRST REGIMENT

Will Hold Annual Encampment Near Louisville.

STATE WILL SAVE MONEY ON RAILROAD FARES.

RIFLE RANGE CAN BE SECURED AT SMALL COST.

EQUIPMENT FOR THE LEGION.

Frankfort, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Under the plan now outlined by the Adjutant General's department, the Kentucky militia will not go for its annual encampment to the usual place, but each regiment will encamp at the rifle range which will be assigned to its use. Each regiment will have a range for target practice and to receive the rifle range can be secured at a small cost.

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CROSS AND CROWN

Kentucky Knights Templar Gather At Lebanon.

WELCOME FOR THE LOUISVILLE COMMANDERIES.

ROBERT MOSES, OF DE MOLAY, NEXT GRAND COMMANDER.

ROUND OF ENTERTAINMENTS.

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TO STAY BUILT

Fair Board Will Construct Grandstand and Track.

GROUND BROKEN FOR PERMANENT LIVESTOCK PAVILION.

MANY INTERESTED MEN ARE SHOWN OVER NEW GROUNDS.

MORE COMMITTEE MEMBERS.

The executive committee of the State Fair, following the return from the fair grounds last night, where ground was broken for the livestock pavilion, held a session of several hours in the office of the secretary in the fair house building last night to discuss the question of the construction of the grandstand and track to be built on the fair grounds. The general architect for the fair association, Charles W. Johnson, was present, and after the adjournment it was announced by J. W. Newman, secretary, that the architect had been authorized to advertise for bids for the building of the grandstand and track to-day, the bids to be submitted at the next meeting of the executive committee on June 3. He was also authorized to advertise for bids on the building of a boulevard to extend through Cecil avenue, from Broadway to the fair grounds, this bid to also be opened on June 3. It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that the boulevard should be built in order that people driving to the fair would have a drive to the fair grounds, and that the boulevard with only one turn. The committee will also take the Jefferson county Fiscal Court to aid in the construction of the boulevard.

AT 88c PER YARD.

Sale of Plaid and Striped Silk Voile, 44 inches wide; \$2.50 value—Special at 88c per yard.

Plaid Silk and Wool Voile, 44 inches wide; \$2.50 value—Special at 88c per yard.

Silk Dot Eolienne, 44 inches wide; \$2.00 value—Special at 88c per yard.

Creme Voile for mourning dresses; very soft and clinging; 44 inches wide; \$2.50 value—Special at 88c per yard.

Silk Marquise, 44 inches wide; \$2.50 value—Special at 88c per yard.

Priestley Mohair Etamine, 44 inches wide; \$1.75 value—Special at 88c per yard.

Silk Dot Crepe, 44 inches wide; \$2.00 value—Special at 88c per yard.

All-wool Hard-twisted Voile, 44 inches wide; \$1.25 value—Special at 88c per yard.

THE LAST WEEK OF THE EXCEPTIONAL SKIRT-MAKING REDUCTION OFFER.

But three more days remain of the unusual offer to make skirts at a reduced price. Don't delay placing your order. This offer, combined with the extremely low prices prevailing in the Dress Goods Section, is certainly an opportunity that no one should miss. All skirts are made and fitted by an expert.

MRS. EDWARDS,

in the Skirt Tailoring Department, at the unusually low price of \$3.00, which also includes all findings. This offer will be discontinued after this week.

TO-DAY'S EXTRA SPECIALS IN THE WHITE GOODS AND WASH GOODS DEPARTMENTS.

(Second Floor.)

ALL SPECIALLY PRICED FOR TO-DAY AT 10c YARD.

Regular 20c Fancy Linen-finished Suiting, yard....10c

Regular 20c Swiss Plumatist, yard.....10c

Regular 20c Madras de Luxe, yard.....10c

Regular 19c India Striped Organdies, yard.....10c

Regular 15c India Linon, black and white, yard.....10c

THE NEW HOUSEHOLD CLUB PLAN

enables members to purchase at the usual low cash prices Furniture, Carpets, Upholstery, etc., and have the same delivered to their homes, enjoying the purchase while paying for same.

(Ask at the Credit Office for further particulars.)

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

(INCORPORATED)

IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES MCCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

Department of Agriculture, under the plan of the National Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, has been authorized to issue a permit to the Louisville Fair Association to use the fair grounds for the purpose of holding a fair. The permit is valid for one year, and the fair association is authorized to use the fair grounds for the purpose of holding a fair. The permit is valid for one year, and the fair association is authorized to use the fair grounds for the purpose of holding a fair.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Postmaster General has issued an order that hereafter postal stations for the receipt and dispatch of mail shall be located outside of the corporate limits of cities, shall be known as branch post-offices, and shall be subject to the same rules and regulations as branch post-offices. The order is effective immediately.

Report of the Conference on the Fortifications Bill.

Preparations Have Been Completed by the War Department.

Senate Passed a Bill to Prevent the Use of the Flag of the United States.

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STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

(Business Established Sixty-two Years.)

NEW YORK STORE.

REMARKABLE SALE TO-DAY

—OF—

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

(Second Floor.)

This unusual low-priced sale of High-grade Black Dress Goods offers many exceptional advantages to wearers of black. There are values in the following items up to \$

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

A Consolidation of
THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1930.

LOUISVILLE DAILY COURIER.
Louisville, Ky., 1843.

MORNING COURIER.
Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1844.

First issued as the
Courier-Journal November 8, 1888.

Rates.
Daily edition, one year, \$5.00
Daily and Sunday edition, one year, 8.00
Daily and Sunday, one month, .75
Weekly edition, one year, 1.00

To City Subscribers.
Daily, delivered, .10c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered, .15c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered, 1 month, .65c
Daily and Sunday, delivered, 3 months, 1.90

Postage.
Entered at the Louisville Post-office as
second-class matter.
10, 12 and 14 pages, .1 cent
15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 pages, .2 cents
23, 24 and 25 pages, .3 cents
26, 27 and 28 pages, .4 cents
Sunday edition, with magazine, .4 cents

Communications.
All communications should be addressed
to the Courier-Journal and not to individual
editors or writers who submit MSS. for
publication wish to have rejected articles
returned, they must be accompanied by
stamp. The editors are glad to examine
MSS. but return postage must be in-
cluded.

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1908

"Business."

Wednesday Evening, May 20.—Trading
in the New York stock market was very
active, but prices moved irregularly, de-
clined rather sharply around midday, and
closed at a slight rally, but showed mar-
tial net declines.

Money on call was easy at 1 1/2 to 1 3/4
per cent, ruling at 1 1/2. Time loans were
firm and quiet at 3 1/2 to 3 3/4. Sterling ex-
change was steady.

The Chicago wheat market was weak,
the July delivery closing at a net loss of
1c. Corn was off 1/2c to 3/4c. Oats were
a shade lower.

The cotton market opened easy at a
decline of 1 to 1 1/2 points, and moved with
narrow limits, final prices being near
to the opening quotations.

The Chicago cattle and sheep markets
were steady. The hog market was 5c
to 10c higher.

Is Mrs. Guinness Dead?

Investigators at Laporte are thor-
oughly satisfied that the now famous
Mrs. Guinness is dead because a set of
false teeth found in the ruins of the
house are identified by the dentist who
found them as having been fitted in the
mouth of the proprietor of the "death
farm." But is this incontrovertible
proof?

Mrs. Guinness was a resourceful
criminal. It does not appear from the
extent and age of her cemetery that she
was a person of fine sensibilities who
would be likely to end her life in a fit
of remorse. She would, logically, meet
a tragic death at the hands of another
or seek to escape. Such a simple trick
as removing a set of false teeth and
leaving them in the deserted house
with the newest corpse might suggest
itself to any clever professional mur-
derer. Sherlock Holmes finding Sher-
iff Smutner and Prosecutor Smith in
possession of the false teeth and firm-
ly convinced that they constituted proof
of the death of the woman would im-
mediately make a cryptic remark to
Dr. Watson about the stupidity of of-
ficers of the law in general and Smutner
and Smith in particular, and the climax
would reveal Mrs. Guinness living com-
fortably at an expensive hotel and con-
suming high-priced food with her full
dress set of false teeth, having left her
fatigue uniform teeth, best known at
the scene of the crime, in the middle of
the floor, where they would inevitably
attract the attention of the fat-headed
myrmidons of the law and lead them
to the conclusion that the wearer had
perished.

In murder mysteries worked out by
Dr. Doyle, Anna Katharine Green,
Gabriola and other writers of detec-
tive stories, the police and the Sheriff
invariably jump directly to the obvious
conclusion, just as the criminal intended
them to do, and only the existence
of the born sleuth who knows that the
obvious conclusion is invariably erro-
neous prevents the murderer from es-
caping deserved punishment.

What fitter field for the exercise of
the cultivated faculties of a Holmes
than that at Laporte. The situation is
ideal. The first chapter of the story
is already written. It only remains for
the sleuth to produce Mrs. Guinness,
clad in apparel costly as the purses of
a score of would-be husbands can buy,
and wearing her other teeth made by
a dentist, afterward lured to the death
farm and murdered to eliminate the
possibility of the existence of the set
becoming known.

Smutner and Smith are satisfied with
their flimsy proof, like all of the fa-
tuous officers of the law in all of the de-
tective stories, and in the absence of a
real detective the verdict of the Coroner
will close the case and leave the
mystery unsolved.

A Holmes, a Holmes, a kingdom for
a Holmes, to find Mrs. Guinness con-
suming diamond-back terrapin with
her full dress teeth and smiling satis-
fiedly as she reads the finding of the
Coroner at Laporte.

Marshall County Exiles.

Every Kentuckian who has the
slightest love of justice and respect for
law will be glad to see the negroes ex-
iled from Marshall county by the right
riders present their petitions for relief
in the Federal courts. There was no
sort of excuse or provocation for the
attack of white ruffians upon the negro
citizens of the village of Birmingham.
That negro—resulting in the murder of
two negroes and the wounding of others
—was not a part of the so-called
"tobacco war" and was indefensible
even in the eyes of persons who have

sympathized with the attacks of night
riders upon "hill billie" planters. It
was an outrage perpetrated carelessly
by whites upon blacks. The character
of the raid and the caliber of the raid-
ers was proven by the fact that men,
women and children in the homes of
negroes were fired upon, and the affair
constituted the blackest disgrace that
has come to Kentucky through the
activities of night riders, not excepting
the assassination of Hiram Hedges, of
Nicholas county, as yet unavenged and
as yet practically uninvestigated.

If there is no punishment for wanton
murder in the State courts in such
cases as that at Birmingham it is un-
fortunate that there is a means by which
the survivors of the attack may secure
justice in a civil action, and every re-
spectable white citizen of Marshall
county should, and will, be pleased to
see judgment for compensatory dam-
ages returned in favor of the exiled
negroes in the event that it proves pos-
sible for them to introduce sufficient
evidence to fix the responsibility for the
crime.

The Achievements of Forestry.
The Department of Agriculture has
issued a pamphlet, by Treadwell Cleve-
land, Jr., entitled "What Forestry Has
Done." It is brief, comprising only
thirty-one pages, but it contains a
good deal of information.

In his introduction (Mr. Cleveland
says that many people in the country
think that forestry has never been
tried until our Government began to
practice it. This is a great mistake.
It has been practiced in every civilized
country except China and Turkey, and
has been discussed and practiced for
two thousand years.

In the countries of Europe forestry
was built up as the result of hardships.
There have been, roughly speaking,
four stages in forest experience. At
first the forests were so abundant as to
be in the way, and were either neg-
lected or destroyed. Then as the bor-
ders of forests receded from places
where wood was needed the forests be-
gan to be spared and protected. Third,
the increasing need of wood led to
the recognition of the forest as a crop
which must be harvested, and there-
fore, should be made to grow again.

The last stage is that of systematic
forestry, where the forest is safe-
guarded so as to yield a constant
maximum year after year. We in the
United States, therefore, are not enter-
ing upon an untried problem, but have
for our guidance the experience of other
countries. The only question is how the
principle already established shall be
modified to meet American conditions.
The author then reviews the state of
forestry in Asia, Europe and America.

The German Empire has 35,000,000
acres of forest, of which 31.9 per cent,
belong to the State, 1.8 to the crown,
16.1 to communities and 46.5 to pri-
vate persons. There is a little over
three-fifths of an acre to each person
and thirty-three cubic feet of wood
is produced each year. This is not
enough and imports of timber exceed
exports in an accelerating ratio. Now,
\$9,000,000 cubic feet, or over one-sixth
of the home consumption is imported
every year, at a cost of \$50,000,000.

Austria, Hungary and Russia and Fin-
land are the principal sources of sup-
ply. The pinch of wood shortage was
felt 150 years ago, and the country is
not yet independent. Each State of
the German federation administers its
own forests, but Prussia and Saxony
have been the most successful, and their
management yields a handsome
profit. Prussia has 7,000,000 acres, and
no more wood is cut than the forest
produces. The rate of production has
been increasing for many years. In
1830 it was twenty cubic feet per
acre. It has gradually increased until
in 1904 it was sixty-five cubic feet
per acre. Compare this experience
with that of the United States, where
the consumption is three times as great
as the yield of the forests. The net re-
turn in Prussia is \$2.50 per acre, and
in Saxony, \$3.30. In the latter the cost
is 66 cents per acre. In the United
States we spent last year 9.8-10 mills
per acre, and our net revenue was less
than seven-eighths of a mill. Taking
the whole empire, the production of
timber in Germany since 1830 has more
than tripled, and in fifty-four years the
net returns from an average acre of
forest has increased sevenfold.

In France there is three-fifths of an
acre of forest to each inhabitant. It
imports annually \$20,000,000 worth of
wood. The State forests yield \$1.75
per acre and cost 95 cents annually.
The best managed State forests yield
about forty cubic feet of timber an-
nually, which is much below the Ger-
man yield. But the destruction caused
by floods and winds has been greatly
decreased. However, the work of re-
forestation is still going on, and it is ex-
pected that \$50,000,000 will be spent on
it before it is complete.

Austria is a large exporter of wood,
but forestry is successfully practiced
on 60 per cent of all the public forests
and 82 per cent of the private forests.
Hungary is also a large exporter but
the cut is regulated and is believed to
be less than the wood actually pro-
duced.

Russia in Europe has 57,000,000
acres of forests, or 39 per cent, and
about 350,000,000 acres in Asia. From
the 400,000,000 acres of forests that is
worked the net increase is \$21,500,000,
or 3-1/2 cents an acre. There are many
laws, however, for the protection
of the forests. This was not a mat-
ter of necessity, but in passing them
Russia followed the example of other
countries.

Italy has some 10,000,000 acres of for-
ests, and is obliged to import \$14,000,
000 worth of wood every year. The
forests are poor and the country has
suffered greatly from the removal of
the forests. One-third of all the land

is unproductive, and some of it is be-
yond reclamation. It has some excel-
lent forest laws, but they are not well
enforced. The country has found it too
expensive to enforce these laws, though
it is finding it more expensive to leave
them unenforced.

The chief lesson of forestry in other
countries is that it pays and that it
pays best when the most money is ex-
pended; that timely action is most im-
portant, and that private initiative is
not enough to prevent wasteful forest
use. It is held, however, that the
prospects of forestry in the United
States are bright, but this can only
mean that they are so if we use the
means at our disposal. It seems prob-
able that we shall emulate foreign
countries in waiting until necessity
forces radical measures to improve our
forests.

Our Consular Service.

(For some time there have been propo-
sitions to improve our Consular Ser-
vice. It is probable that advances
have already been made, but it is be-
lieved that much more may be done.

A good deal depends upon the sort
of President that we have in office.
Most Presidents, for some time past,
have been ready to aver that they
would do anything possible to improve
our Consular Service. But our
President is surrounded by many seek-
ers of patronage, who desire to get
places for their own henchmen. Some
of those belonging to the dominant party
are exceedingly hard to resist and
give their favorites so high a character
that it is made to appear an outrage to
keep them out of the Consular Ser-
vice. There are repeated demands that
the Consular Service be taken out of
politics. While this is sometimes done,
it has been found difficult to maintain
a consistent policy of this kind.

At a conference on this subject re-
cently held it was set out, as nec-
essary that two things be done: First,
the enactment of a proper statute
governing appointments and promo-
tions in the service. Second, adequate
provisions for the special preparation
of candidates for consular appoint-
ments.

A speaker gave an outline of two
bills pending, one in the House and
the other in the Senate. The principal
provisions of these bills were: All
vacancies in the offices of Consul
General and the seven higher grades
of Consuls shall be filled by promotions
from the lower grades of the Consular
Service. That the only grades of en-
trance to the Consular Service shall be
through the two lower grades, that is,
the eighth and ninth, and that all
vacancies in these lower grades shall
be filled either by promotion on the
basis of ability as shown by their ser-
vice as consular clerks, or as vice con-
suls, deputy consuls, or consular agents,
or by new appointments from the out-
side, who have passed a satisfactory
examination. Whenever a vacancy oc-
curs in the two lower grades the board
of examiners shall certify to the
Secretary of State a list of those eligi-
ble for appointment, which list they
sent to the President he may then,
with the advice and consent of the
Senate, appoint the candidate who, in
his judgment, is best qualified to fill
the position. It is further provided
that no person who is rated at less
than 50 per cent. shall be eligible for
appointment. If the consular vacancy
has reference to a country in which
the United States exercises extra-
territorial jurisdiction, in the list of per-
sons eligible for appointment shall be
included only such persons as have
passed an examination in the funda-
mental principles of the common law
and the rules of evidence. Moreover,
Consuls, Vice Consuls and consular
clerks shall be American citizens.

A system like this faithfully carried
out would greatly improve our Con-
sular Service, but how to get it car-
ried out may prove a perplexing ques-
tion.

The correspondent at Philadelphia
who says he has discovered "a brand
new top who drinks tomato catsup,"
is in error. A top who has reached
the tomato catsup or Worcestershire
sausage stage is, properly speaking, a vet-
eran.

A university professor—Chicago
University, of course—says we can get
along a few million years without pro-
tecting our natural resources. And we
shall have to it Joe Cannon remains
Speaker of the House during that pe-
riod.

The Miss Goodrich who wastefully
broke a bottle of champagne over the
prow of a collar is not the Edna
Goodrich who was a guest at the dinner
at which \$4,000 worth of champagne
was drunk.

A lighthouse on Fannet Rock, Ire-
land, has been built at an expense of
\$400,000, which leads to speculation as
to whether any Pennsylvania poli-
ticians have settled in that country re-
cently.

Sereno E. Payne's published confes-
sion that the sort of revision he favors
is "along the lines of protectionism"
failed to get on the front page with
the startling news of the day.

A dispatch says a Chicagoan choked
to death on porterhouse steak, but does
not say what charities or heirs-at-law
will benefit by the distribution of his
estate.

As nobody has called her "Mrs.
Platt" up to now, it is plain that she
has not proven her case to the pub-
lic.

STRIKE OFF.

No More Help For Union
Coal Miners.

MEN OFFERED CARDS FOR WORK
IN OTHER FIELDS.

END OF TROUBLE IN WESTERN
KENTUCKY.

KICK OVER THE ORDER.

Barlington, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]
—The strike of union miners in the
nonunion counties of Hopkins, Union,
Webster and Christian, which was
called on January 1, was to-day de-
clared off, and announcement was
made that no further supplies would
be given the idle miners and their fam-
ilies. This announcement was made at
a meeting of the union miners held to-
day at St. Charles, and the men were
offered new cards for the purpose of
seeking work in fields that are unun-
dermined.

A number of union members who at-
tended the meeting denounced the or-
ganizers after they left the meeting,
and declared they would not accept
cards or transfers. All the mines in
the nonunion districts have been oper-
ating in their normal way with full
forces all the year except that for a
short time after the strike a few of
the smallest mines had temporary diffi-
culty to secure their full complement.

INJUNCTION

To Prevent Sale of Crop of Peeled
Tobacco.

Owensboro, Ky., May 20.—Owen O'Ban-
ion is defendant to a suit filed by the
Owen county, Burley Tobacco Society
by the terms of which he is enjoined
from selling or disposing of his tobacco
crop. The suit was filed for the purpose
of preventing the sale of peeled tobacco
crop. He is also enjoined from
selling or otherwise disposing of his
tobacco.

Several weeks ago Mr. O'Banion ship-
ped twenty-two hogheads of tobacco
to the Owensboro and Shipley Tobacco
Warehouse Company, of Cincinnati,
claiming at the time that all of the to-
bacco was peeled. Later he made the
claim that the peeled tobacco was
unpeeled, and he brought suit against
the warehouse company.

Rather than fight the suit in the un-
friendly Ohio court the Owen County
Board allowed him to get peeled tobacco
into the warehouse. He sold on the
basis of his claim that the tobacco was
peeled. Immediately upon his arrival in
Owensboro he was arrested for selling
unpeeled tobacco, and was held to ap-
pear before the grand jury at the time
of the Owen County case. After being
released he decided to sell the remaining
fourteen hogheads. In pursuance of this
plan he brought suit in Cincinnati for
a \$10 fine assessed by him in court.
A jury in the Laurel Circuit Court to-
day found that the tobacco was peeled,
and that the warehouse company, Bern-
ard, guilty of malfeasance. Besides
having to pay a \$100 fine, the judg-
ment of the court was that the ware-
house company was to be liable for the
cost of the tobacco.

JUSTICE FINED \$100.

'Squire Cox Failed To Make Report
of Concealed Weapon Case.

London, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—
For his failure to report the collection
of a \$10 fine assessed by him in court,
a jury in the Laurel Circuit Court to-
day found that the tobacco was peeled,
and that the warehouse company, Bern-
ard, guilty of malfeasance. Besides
having to pay a \$100 fine, the judg-
ment of the court was that the ware-
house company was to be liable for the
cost of the tobacco.

It was alleged that Cox claimed to
young Porter, son of a railroad con-
tractor, that there was a charge of
concealed weapons against Porter in
Cox's court. Cox agreed to settle the
case for \$10, which was paid him. The
fine was not accounted for by Cox in
his report and he was fined \$100 for
his failure to make a true report.

TOOLS WILL BE TAKEN.

Mayville Needs Money To Meet
a Deficit.

Mayville, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—
The Board of Equalization of this city,
in session here, caused a sensation
to-day by calling before it all barbers,
painters and all other trades of the
city, and asking them to contribute
of any kind where they own their tools,
and telling them that their tools would
hereafter be taken as a lien for taxes
hold furniture. This is done in order
to meet a large deficit that will be
paid this year on account of internal
improvements.

Prizes Must Stand Loss.

Paducah, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—
John D. Hays, auditor of the Planters'
Protective Association, who was in Pa-
ducah to-day, said that association
informers had been used to steal to-
bacco which has spoiled and is unfit
for sale. Competition between pri-
vate causes tobacco to be packed in some
instances in unfit condition, and the
prizes have given bond to make good
any defects by reason of packing under
such conditions.

Country Home Burned.

Sharpsburg, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]
The residence of John D. Hays, auditor
of the Planters' Protective Association,
in the western part of this county,
was destroyed by fire from a defective
flue. The house was occupied by
Mrs. Hays, her children and partner,
Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Perkins. Mr.
Perkins is a cripple. The house was
burned to the ground, and the loss of
the household goods was saved. The
loss was about \$2,000. There was no
insurance.

Negroes Held For Murder.

Mayville, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—
The coroner's jury that has been in ses-
sion here since Monday investigating the
death of Leslie Downing, killed on the
Louisville and Nashville railroad
painted Saturday, returned to-day with
a verdict that the evidence was suffi-
cient to hold three negroes, Scott,
Noah Donaldson and Clarence Turner,
who had a revolver with them, turned
over to a magistrate for trial.

Mrs. Mary A. Beadles Dead.

Paducah, Ky., May 20.—Mrs. Mary A.
Beadles, aged seventy-six years, died
at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mail-
lette, in Mayfield, from hemorrhage of
the lungs. She is survived by two
daughters, one residing in Mayfield,
and the other in Oklahoma, also two
sons, William Beadles, of Memphis,
Tenn., and A. B. Beadles, of Wingy,
Ky. Mrs. Beadles was born in Wingo.

Delegates To Confederate Reunion.

Paducah, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—
J. T. Walbert Camp, United Confederate
Veterans, named the following dele-
gates to the reunion at Birmingham,
Ala.: W. G. Whitfield, James Koger,
B. H. Scott and H. H. Hawkins; alter-
nates: W. M. Bailey, James Gish, A. W.
Townsend and G. M. Daugherty.
Miss Hallie Young was elected sponsor
for the camp.

Dies After Operation.

Louisville, Ky., May 20.—Edgar Blank-

enship, a prominent young man of
Pikeville, died at Riverview Hospital
at Louisville this morning. He was
brought here Sunday suffering from
appendicitis in an advanced stage. An
operation was performed, but, as the
condition had set in, there was but little
hope entertained for his recovery.

Potter College Commencement.

Bowling Green, Ky., May 20.—[Spec-
ial.]—The commencement exercises of
Potter College took place at the opera-
house here to-day. The Rev. Alonzo
Monk, D. D., of Louisville, delivered
the address to the graduating class.
He paid glowing tribute to the wo-
manhood of the South.

Water Sold From Wagons.

Madrid, Ky., May 20.—The burning
of the water and heat plant here last
Sunday has caused an alarming water
famine, and water is being sold from
wagons at a price ranging from one
cent per gallon up to a dollar.

Jackson Plant Reorganized.

Jackson, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—
The Jackson electric light plant has
just been reorganized by Lexington
promoters. Under the plan of the Jack-
son Electric and Hydraulic Company.
An ice plant is under consideration in
connection with the light plant.

PRINCETON, INSTEAD.

WILL ENTERTAIN CHRISTIAN
CHURCH CONVENTION.

South Kentucky Was To Have As-
sembled At Mayfield—Disaster
There Interfered.

The South Kentucky convention of the
Christian Church will be held in Princeton
next week, May 25-27. This convention has
been announced for Mayfield for some
time, but the fire which destroyed the
Mayfield electric light and water plant
has made it impossible for the conven-
tion to be held there. The convention
will be held in Princeton, where the
South Kentucky Christian Church has
been holding its annual sessions since
1880. The convention will be held in
Princeton, where the South Kentucky
Christian Church has been holding its
annual sessions since 1880.

The Women's Auxiliary to the Board
of Missions will hold its annual con-
vention at St. Paul's church, with an
opening at 10 o'clock and a sermon by
Rev. W. H. Hendrix, pastor of the church.
The convention will be held in the
afternoon, with an address by
Mrs. H. H. Hendrix, wife of the pastor.
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afternoon, with an address by
Mrs. H. H. Hendrix, wife of the pastor.

Miss Mary Hood Little, who has been
the guest of Mrs. Kate T. Haden for
several days, has returned home. She
is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson.

Miss Ouida Caldwell, Huntington, W. Va.,
who has been visiting Mrs. W. W.
Dennis, has returned home. She is
visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson.

Miss Mary Wintersmith will leave to-
day for a visit to her mother, Mrs. W. G.
Lackey, for several weeks.

Mr. Anna Dwyer, of Moline, Ill., is
visiting Mrs. J. W. Brown, on Fourth
street.

Capt. Frederick de Funik, U. S. A., who
is now at Hot Springs, Ark., will
arrive here to-day, and will accompany
Mrs. de Funik, who is visiting Mr. and
Mrs. Dennis and Messrs. Kilbourn and
Forrester for several days.

Mr. Thurston A. Burgevin was the host
at a party to the city yesterday.
Tuesday evening, Mr. Burgevin's guests
were Mrs. J. W. Brown, Mrs. J. W. Brown,
Norma Chamberlain, Mr. Walker Hancock
and Mr. Lee Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwin Whitney and their
children have moved their home on
Fourth street, and will occupy the
new residence on Fourth street.

Mr. Charles C. Crawford is ill of
nervous prostration at his home, 121 E. 1st
street.

Miss Letty Lee Peter, who has been the
guest of Mrs. Maud Cunningham at the
Misses Stirling, in Henderson, has re-
turned home.

There will be only one opportunity to
see "Gilda"—the evening of May 22, at
the Masonic theatre. The show is a
charming little opera in two acts, and is
to be given by the company of the
Girls' High School. The music is tuneful
and catchy, the dialogue is bright and
the acting is of a high order. The
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PIRATES LOSE TO BROOKLYN

McCluskey's Cardinals Apply Dose of Calcimine to McGraw's Giants.

REDS ALSO BLANK QUAKERS.

Cleveland and St. Louis Victors in Two Games Played in the American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.	
TOLEDO	2
INDIANAPOLIS	2
LOUISVILLE	2
COLUMBUS	1
MILWAUKEE	1
KANSAS CITY	1

National League.	
BROOKLYN	1
NEW YORK	1
PITTSBURG	1
CHICAGO	1
CINCINNATI	1
PHILADELPHIA	1

American League.	
ST. LOUIS	1
CLEVELAND	1
PHILADELPHIA	1
NEW YORK	1
DETROIT	1
CHICAGO	1

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.	
TOLEDO	18
INDIANAPOLIS	17
LOUISVILLE	16
COLUMBUS	15
MILWAUKEE	14
KANSAS CITY	13

National League.	
BROOKLYN	18
NEW YORK	17
PITTSBURG	16
CHICAGO	15
CINCINNATI	14
PHILADELPHIA	13

American League.	
ST. LOUIS	18
CLEVELAND	17
PHILADELPHIA	16
NEW YORK	15
DETROIT	14
CHICAGO	13

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.	
TOLEDO	at Louisville
INDIANAPOLIS	at Columbus
LOUISVILLE	at Milwaukee
COLUMBUS	at Kansas City
MILWAUKEE	at St. Louis
KANSAS CITY	at Philadelphia

National League.	
BROOKLYN	at New York
PITTSBURG	at Chicago
CHICAGO	at Cincinnati
CINCINNATI	at Philadelphia
PHILADELPHIA	at St. Louis
ST. LOUIS	at Cleveland

American League.	
ST. LOUIS	at Cleveland
CLEVELAND	at Philadelphia
PHILADELPHIA	at New York
NEW YORK	at Detroit
DETROIT	at Chicago
CHICAGO	at Cincinnati

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, May 20.—Brooklyn to-day gave way to Phoebe after three singles, a double and a triple. Two singles and a will pitch gave the visitors their other scores. Dornier pitched well, but scratch hit came when needed, added by one of his gifts, an error and a steal. However, Dornier was benched in the sixth for dropping a close decision, and Manager Kelly, who batted for Dornier, closed the game by hitting into a double play. Scores:

Chicago	ab	bb	ba	Boston	ab	bb	ba
Shawmut	4	1	1	Brookline	2	4	3
Shawmut	7	2	0	Quincy	1	2	3
Shawmut	7	2	0	Braintree	4	2	0
Chicago	1b	4	3	McGowan	4b	2	1
Shawmut	3b	1	0	Bowdoin	1b	3	0
Shawmut	4	3	1	Quincy	1	2	3
Shawmut	1	2	2	Rochester	2b	3	0
Tinker	4	3	1	Danvers	3b	1	0
Brookline	p	0	0	Swanton	3b	3	2
Fraser	p	1	0	Derby	p	1	0
Howard	1	1	0				
Totals	29	9	20	29	32	8	24

(Reported by John L. Dunlap.)



Confirmation Suits For the Boys

Black or dark blue Clay worsteds, soft-finished worsteds, chevrons and stripes; with plain or Knickerbocker hosiery, collars and cuffs; with long pants; prices \$3 to \$15. MADE for this SPECIAL PURPOSE—and the BEST VALUES in the house. FURNISHINGS, HATS and SHOES to complete the confirmation outfit. Come to HEADQUARTERS.

LEVY'S

Third and Market.

Standard Amoskeag A. F. C. Dress Gingham 10c

This store was the first to take advantage of the drop in the price of cotton and offer Amoskeag A. F. C. Dress Gingham at 10c a yard. When the price of Gingham dropped our stock was at low ebb. We bought liberally at the new prices, and are now selling them to you at about the same price that many stores paid for their Gingham. Supply your needs. There's a full assortment of stripes and plaids in all the new styles. Also sold pink, blue, gray and red. Per yard, 10c.

BERNMAN STRAUSS & SONS CO.

Courier-Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1908

CITY FEATURES.

Members and visitors of Interstate Cottonseed Crushers' Association are invited to visit HENRY VOGT MACHINE CO.'S plant, Tenth and Ormsby, builders of all kinds of boilers, ice machinery, etc.

THREE YOUNG MISSION GRADUATES

GIVEN DEGREES BY WOMEN'S MISSIONARY UNION SCHOOL.

JOSHUA LEVERING AND DR. WILLINGHAM TAKE PART.

RECEPTION LATER AT SCHOOL.

The first commencement of the Women's Missionary Union Training School yesterday at 11 a. m. in the Baptist church was made most notable by the unexpected presence of the Hon. Joshua Levering, of Baltimore, president of the Southern Baptist Convention and president of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. Another notable presence was that of Dr. J. H. Willingham, of Lexington, Ky., who, for five years a missionary in China, had just returned from his post in that country. Each took part in the initial exercises of this educational institution for mission workers.

There was a good attendance of the leading women of Louisville and a fair number of men were present.

After the hymn, "The Golden Rule," sung by the Rev. Dr. E. J. Mullins, president of the Baptist Theological Seminary, led in prayer and the Training School sang with splendid effect Kipling's "Recessional."

The Rev. Dr. Robert J. Willingham, secretary of the Southern Baptist Foreign Mission Board, delivered the commencement address, taking for a theme, "Woman's Place in the Kingdom." He related striking scenes from which he had recently returned, having completed a tour of the world in the interest of mission work. After emphasizing the point that when woman is put in her proper place in the world, in the church and in society, all is well, and when woman is not thus placed she is ill, he enlarged upon the fact that the woman who is God's love and that these young women going as workers for God were engaged in the greatest work on earth.

The Hon. Joshua Levering spoke next, warmly congratulating the young women on their work and commending them as an example to the men of this city and of America. He detailed how absolutely all obstacles to the spread of the Gospel were removed and that nothing remained but for the people of God to go up and possess the land; that the kingdoms of this world were for Him whose right it is to reign. The earth may be evangelized.

Like Dr. Willingham, Mr. Levering was just home from a tour of the world in the interest of mission work. He related striking scenes from which he had recently returned, having completed a tour of the world in the interest of mission work. After emphasizing the point that when woman is put in her proper place in the world, in the church and in society, all is well, and when woman is not thus placed she is ill, he enlarged upon the fact that the woman who is God's love and that these young women going as workers for God were engaged in the greatest work on earth.

Dr. Mullins explained that the degrees conferred were M. M. T., meaning master of mission theology, and B. M. T., bachelor of mission theology. The graduating class was as follows: Mrs. Treatie Walton, Degrees; Mrs. M. T. Miss Jennie Agnes Althoff, B. M. T.

The Rev. Dr. J. H. Willingham made some appropriate remarks and pronounced the benediction.

In the afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock a reception was held in the parlors of the school at Preston and Broadway, at which the graduates delivered the diplomas.

Mrs. Sam E. Woody and other ladies who led in founding the school were cordially congratulated on its success.

It is not well to try to load a ship with cargoes far beyond her tonnage-capacity. Nor well to try to advertise a big store in a small space.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriages licenses were issued yesterday to the following: Harry Stevenson and Ida Hubbard, Thomas E. Peterson and Nannie V. Peterson, Nicholas Temple and Edna G. McHugh, John H. Higgins and Florence M. Bryan, W. H. Breckinridge and Olin Pennington, J. Hines and Rosa L. Ammann, John W. Miller and Amanda Tarke.

Ask Your Wife to have Jell-O

Dessert to-day

You'll be delighted

10c at grocers

OF REAL STONE

E. Zimmerman Says Streets Must Be Constructed.

THOMAS MURDER CASE PASSED UNTIL JUNE 22.

GRAND JURY HEARS EVIDENCE AGAINST POLICE.

LIVERING SUE BY LAWYER.

Eugene Zimmerman yesterday afternoon brought suit for an injunction against the city and the Henry Block Company to prevent the defendant from improving Dupuy street, from Breckinridge to Caldwell street, with artificial stone. He said that under an ordinance passed in 1899 the city is required to have all its curbs and sidewalks of stone of some kind and that the use of artificial stone will be a direct violation of this provision.

Thomas Murder Case Passed.

The murder charge against Frank Thomas, county patrolman, which was to have been given a hearing in the Criminal Court yesterday, was passed until June 22 by consent of counsel on both sides. Thomas killed Brent in the colored, several miles from the city on the Eighteenth-street road. The negro is said to have attempted to prevent him from arresting another negro. Thomas claims self-defense. While the Commonwealth contends that the shooting was uncalculated.

Attorney Claims Fee.

F. T. Fox, attorney, yesterday brought suit against C. J. Livering for \$300, said to be due for legal services. The plaintiff says he has served Livering in numerous cases during the past five years. Livering is now under a charge of having caused the death of a horse by the negligence of a driver during the past five years. Livering is now under a charge of having caused the death of a horse by the negligence of a driver during the past five years. Livering is now under a charge of having caused the death of a horse by the negligence of a driver during the past five years.

Grand Jury Hears Evidence.

Evidence was heard yesterday by the grand jury in the case of Capt. Pope and John DeMarsh, former members of the police force, who were charged with the murder of Clarence Cooper on the charge of having accepted protection money from crap games. Several witnesses were heard, and the investigation will be taken up again today.

Court Paragraphs.

Mary E. Carroll sued Albert T. Schmitt for \$214, claimed on a lien. Margaretta Higgins sued the Louisville Railway Company for \$10,000. She was hurt in getting off a car.

James P. Watts sued the Menzel Box Company for \$15,000, charging that the company had caused the death of his son, James P. Watts, by the negligence of a driver during the past five years. James P. Watts is now under a charge of having caused the death of a horse by the negligence of a driver during the past five years.

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Overcomes Loss of Nervous Force In Men and Women.

If people would only live the simple life, take plenty of outdoor exercise and drink rationally, avoid excesses of all kinds, quit the use of liquor and tobacco, there would be little need of medicine. But people won't do a rule—do these things; consequently the specialists in nervous disorders of both sexes are kept busy and grow rich. One of those who has grown wealthy by his successful practice amongst society's nervous women and overworked men of a prescription made up of pure ingredients, containing no alcohol, no opium, and no other dangerous drugs, is a man who has been successful in curing many cases of nervousness, and who has been successful in curing many cases of nervousness, and who has been successful in curing many cases of nervousness.

ONE PRICE SAME TO ALL PIANO STORE

"Do" your friends and favor your acquaintances doesn't go in this store any more than the old worn out rule some stores claim to have of "You're a friend and I will make you a better price." Both are bad—the first time a house reveals different prices on the same article that house reveals the act of taking advantage of some one customer. A house cannot exist that transacts business to suit friends when that act has to do with the making of the price. We have other ways of treating our friends—by friends we mean our customers, for we consider our best friends our customers.

Montenegro-Riehm Music Co.

PIANOS OF WORTH.

628-630 Fourth Ave.

When You Give Presents

—let them be such things as will last: to the end that they may be in some sort immortal, and may frequently refresh the memory of the receiver. Such gifts may be found in abundance at

KLAUBER'S

340 4th Ave.

MULLOY The Coffee Roaster

For Family Trade.

3 lbs. MOCHA and JAVA \$1.00

You get it direct from my roaster to your home.

Try one order by Home phone 1223. You will like it.

John M. Mulloy

214 WEST MARKET.

IN A CLASS BY ITSELF.

New Vases and Jardinieres

IN GREEN MATT WARE.

C. B. Thompson

632 4th Ave. Only one store in Louisville.

\$1.50 Round Trip

LEXINGTON, DANVILLE, HARRODSBURG

and less for other points.

SUNDAY, MAY 24.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Tickets on sale 224 Fourth Ave., and at Southern Railway Station. Train leaves 7:40 a. m.

SIDEWALK SWEEPING

IN EARLIEST MORNING

RETAIL MERCHANTS TO SPARE SHOPPERS ANNOYANCE.

ASSOCIATION HEARS MORE ABOUT STATE FAIR.

MONEY FOR CONVENTION.

\$2 Round Trip

TO CINCINNATI

Sunday, May 24

SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES TENTH AND BROADWAY AT 8:00 A. M.

Stops at Fourth Street and Baxter Avenue.

Back of Every "Quick Meal"

are twenty-five years of Gas Range Supremacy.

The "Quick Meal" motto: "The Best To-day—a little better, if possible, to-morrow."

At all times it has the latest improvements, it is made right, sold right and gives the best satisfaction.

GEHR & SON

217 West Market Street. Near Second.

MORPHINE

and other drug habits are positively cured by the MORPHINE CURE. The cure is simple, safe, and reliable. It is the only cure that has been successful in curing many cases of morphine habit. It is the only cure that has been successful in curing many cases of morphine habit. It is the only cure that has been successful in curing many cases of morphine habit.

DEATH MAKES MURDER

CHARGE AGAINST NEGRO.

Arthur Smith, colored, 38 years of age, died yesterday morning at the city hospital, of stab wounds which he received on April 29, in a fight with John Parrish, a negro, over a bottle of whisky. It is alleged that the fight occurred at Twelfth and Green streets. Parrish was badly injured and was taken to the hospital. The charge against Parrish was changed to murder.

Peddler Hurt In Runaway

James Thomas, a peddler, was painfully injured in a runaway accident at First and Jefferson streets about 6 o'clock yesterday morning. The horse he was driving was unbridled, and when it took fright it ran away. Thomas was unable to stop it. He made an endeavor to do so, but was unable to do so. He was taken to the hospital. The horse was taken to the stable.

Argued Over Laporte Woman Leads to Court.

A heated argument as to whether Mrs. Bella Guinness, the female husband of Laporte, was the owner of the property of the association was the subject of the case. The association was the subject of the case. The association was the subject of the case.

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The Ahrens On Mfg. Co.

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Every type of fixture has been erected as though for actual service, and the public is invited to take advantage of the aid, such as display, with expert attendants, can render those desiring to select plumbing fixtures.

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Dressers, Chiffoniers and Washstands, discontinued patterns in mahogany and oak AT COST.

Keisker's

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Lumber and Shingles

No. 1 Pickets, 4-foot.....\$2.40 per 100.

4-in. Prime Cypress Shingles.....\$3.65 per M.

Clipped Cypress Shingles.....\$1.90 per M.

Clear Red Cedar Shingles.....\$4.15 per M.

Yel. Pine Lath, 1 1/2 in. x 4 ft.....\$2.50 per M.

Com. 3/4 Yel. Pine Ceiling.....\$16.00 per M. ft.

S. P. Graham Lumber Co., 810 Magazine St.

Wall Papers and Decorations

Bought of us for past seasons have given perfect satisfaction. Get in line and let us do your work. Lowest prices, largest and most complete stock to select from, coupled with the best skilled labor.

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555 Third Ave. 2 Doors from Water Co. Home 3671.

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Manufacturers of Sash, Doors and Frames. Interior Finish.

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The Buick Roadster

Model S, 25-30 Horsepower

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Economical and reliable. This beautiful machine is made of durable steel. Let us demonstrate it to you and give you all information. Catalogue on request.

Some great bargains in good used cars.

Ky. Automobile Co.

1051 Third, near Breckinridge.

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Fancy Monogram Brand Butter

ONLY 35c PER POUND.

Churned daily. Try it and see how good. Fresh Buttermilk, Pure Milk and Cream.

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COMPOSITION ROOFING. REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Ready Roofing, Building Papers, Etc.

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Fruit Flavors.....85c

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Fruit Flavors.....85c

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